

III B. Tech II Semester Regular/Supplementary Examinations, October/November - 2020
DIGITAL SIGNAL PROCESSING

(Electronics and Communication Engineering)

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

- Note: 1. Question Paper consists of two parts (**Part-A** and **Part-B**)
 2. Answer **ALL** the question in **Part-A**
 3. Answer any **FOUR** Questions from **Part-B**

PART -A

(14 Marks)

1. a) State properties of ROC. [2M]
- b) Define DFT and IDFT. [2M]
- c) How one can design digital filters from analog filters? [2M]
- d) What are the advantages of the Kaiser window? [3M]
- e) What do you mean by downsampling? [3M]
- f) Explain about Multiple Access Memory. [2M]

PART -B

(56 Marks)

2. a) Find the convolution of the signals $x(n) = (a)^n u(n)$ and $h(n) = (b)^n u(n)$. [7M]
- b) Explain in detail the classification of discrete-time systems. [7M]
3. a) Compute the 8-point DFT of the sequence $x(n)=1, 0 \leq n \leq 7$ and $x(n)=0$, otherwise; by using DIT algorithms. [7M]
- b) Find the inverse DFT of $X(k) = \{1,2,3,4\}$. [7M]
4. a) Describe various Structures of IIR filters. [7M]
- b) Design a Chebyshev filter with a maximum passband attenuation of 2 dB; at $\Omega_p=20$ rad/sec and the stopband attenuation of 35 dB at $\Omega_s=50$ rad/sec. [7M]
5. a) Explain the design of FIR filters using windows. [7M]
- b) Given a 3-stage lattice FIR filter with coefficients, $k_1=(1/4)$; $k_2=(1/2)$; $k_3=(1/3)$; Determine the FIR filter coefficients for the direct form structure. [7M]
6. a) Describes and derive sampling rate conversion by a rational factor I/D in multirate signal processing. [7M]
- b) Consider a Sample sequence $x[n]=\{0,1,2,3,6,9,10,12,15\}$. Draw the new signal using Linear Decimation and Interpolation by a factor $L=3$. [7M]
7. a) Explain in brief memory access schemes in DSP processors. [7M]
- b) Briefly explain the following for TMS320C5X: [7M]
 - i) Flags available in status register
 - ii) Parallel Logic Unit.
